

P501: SOLUTION to ASSIGNMENT 1

1. (i) In the σ_z basis, with probability 1/2 we have $[1, i]^T$, which in density matrix form is

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -i \\ i & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \quad (1)$$

With probability 1/2 we also have

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

Therefore, the total density matrix is

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -i \\ i & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{i}{4} \\ \frac{i}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

Similarly in the σ_y basis,

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (4)$$

Notice that in any basis, the density matrix of the completely incoherent state, with half spin-up and half spin-down, is the same.

(ii): The expectation values $\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr}(A\rho)$, are $\langle \sigma_x \rangle = 0$; $\langle \sigma_y \rangle = 0.5$, and $\langle \sigma_z \rangle = 0$ respectively.

2. (i) To avoid large matrices, we can work with the bra-ket notation. The total density matrix is then

$$\begin{aligned} \rho = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = \frac{1}{3} & (|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle\langle\uparrow\uparrow| + e^{-i\chi} |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle\langle\downarrow\uparrow| + e^{-i\phi} |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle\langle\downarrow\downarrow| + \\ & e^{i\chi} |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle\langle\uparrow\uparrow| + |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle\langle\downarrow\uparrow| + e^{i(\chi-\phi)} |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle\langle\downarrow\downarrow| + \\ & e^{i\phi} |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle\langle\uparrow\uparrow| + e^{i(\phi-\chi)} |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle\langle\downarrow\uparrow| + |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle\langle\downarrow\downarrow|). \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

(ii) Then the reduced density matrix for the first spin is

$$\rho_I = \text{Tr}_{II}(\rho) = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{-i\chi} \\ e^{i\chi} & 2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (6)$$

Here $\text{Tr}_{II}(\cdot)$ means a partial trace on the second system.

(iii) The expectation values are $\langle \sigma_1^x \rangle = \frac{2}{3} \cos \chi$ and $\langle \sigma_1^z \rangle = -\frac{1}{3}$ respectively.