An electron is confined to an infinitely long thin wire (along the x direction). Which of the following is possible for the function ψ describing the electron's state?

A)
$$\psi(x) = 0$$



B)
$$\psi(x) = x$$



C)
$$\psi(x) = \cos(x)$$

D)
$$\psi(x) = 1/\sqrt{\pi(1+x^2)}$$

E) All of the above

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$$\psi(x) = 0$$

$$\int |\psi(x)|^2 dx = 0 \times$$

B)
$$\psi(x) = x$$

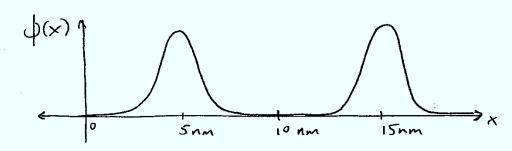
$$\int |\psi(x)|^2 dx = \infty$$

C)
$$\psi(x) = \cos(x)$$

$$\widehat{D})\psi(x) = 1/\sqrt{\pi(1+x^2)}$$

E) All of the above

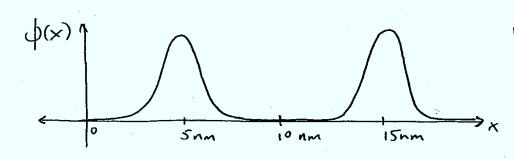
total probability for finding electron must be = 1.



wavefn. for electron(s) in a wire extended along x direction.

The wavefunction shown represents:

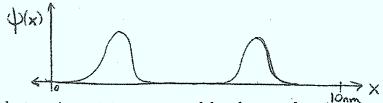
- A) An electron near 5nm and an electron near 15nm.
- B) A single electron with its charge split into two locations
- C) A single electron which does not have a definite location.
- D) This is not an allowable wavefunction.



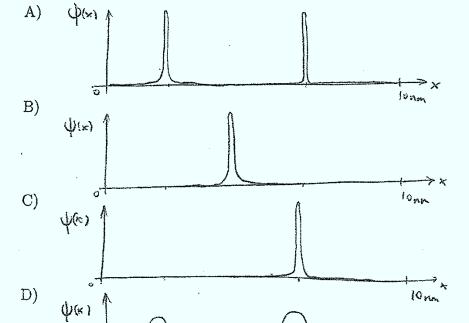
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For an electron in a state represented by the wavefunction shown, a measurement of position is performed. Which of the following best represents a possible wavefunction immediately after the measurement?



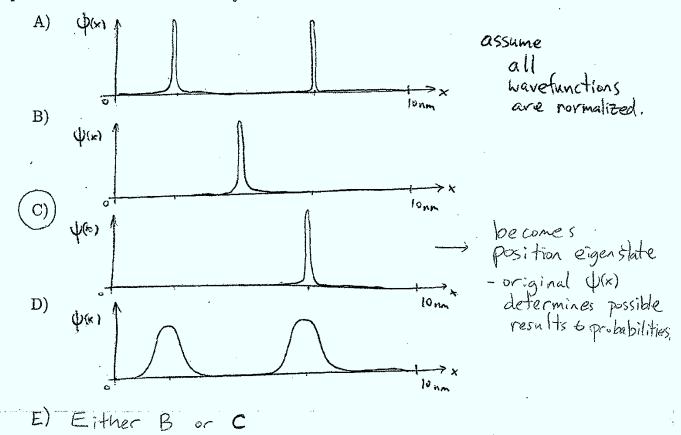
E) Either B or C

assume all wavefunctions are normalized

lunm

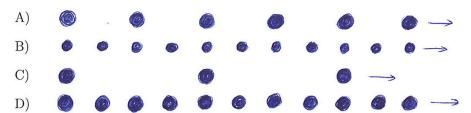


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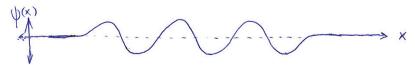


Problem 4

The figure above represents the photons in a beam of light with some fixed wavelength and intensity. If size represents photon energy in the picture, which of the pictures below best represents a beam of light with the same wavelength but double the intensity?



Problem 5



The wavefunction for a traveling electron is described by a wavepacket whose real part is shown above. Which of the following could be the real part of the wavefunction for an electron traveling with double the velocity?

